OCTOBER 1999

M.P.T. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

KA 606

FCURTH SEMESTER

Paper III - Physiotherapy (Elective Subject)

PHYSIOTHERAPY IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time: 3 Hours

Max: 100 Marks

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

All questions carry equal marks

- Write an essay on exercise in pregnancy and pregnancy back care. (20)
- Physiotherapy care of rationts undergoing Gynaecological surgery. (20)
- Counselling for congenital anomalies. (20)
- 4. How would you plan an exercise rigime for a mother from her first trimester towards labour and variation in case of a mother with mitral stenosis.

(20)

- 5. Write short notes on't
 - a) Biomechanics of labour
 - h) Incentinence
 - c) Vaginal cones
 - d) Utering prolapse.

(4 x 5 - 20)

APRIL 2000

(KB 606E)

M.P.T.DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Fourth Semester

Paper-III PHYSIOTHERAPY (Elective Subject)

PHYSIOTHERAPY IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Time : Three hours Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions

All questions carry equal marks.

- What are the musculo skeletal changes that occur during pregnancy (20 marks)
- 2. What are post natal excercises? Why are they important? What is your role in the post partum period? (20 marks)
- 3. What is uterine prolapse? How can you prevent it. Write about physical therapy management in case of uterine prolapse in different stages. (20 marks)
- Discuss breathing exercises and who will be taught and why? (20 marks)
- 5. What is your role in pain relief during labour and delivery? (20 marks)

OCTOBER 2000

[KC 606 E]

M.P.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Fourth Semester

Paper III - Physiotherapy (Elective Subject)

PHYSIOTHERAPY IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. Anatomy of pelvis and pelvic floor muscles.
- Discuss prenatal exercises and its relevance.
- Discuss in detail the importance of exercises in post operative period following a major abdominal surgery.
- Discuss the physiological changes occurring in a young pregnant woman.
- 5. What is DVT? What is the role played by a physical therapist in the prevention of DVT?