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M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 1991.

Branch V - Microbiology

Final

VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours.

Answer ALL the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

- Name the Hepatitis Viruses. Write an account about the recent advances in the pathogenesis and diagnosis of Hepatitis B virus.
- Describe the pathogenesis of HIV infections. Write a note on AIDS in India.
- 3. Write an essay on 'Toxoplasmosis'.
- Write briefly on:
 - (a) Inclusion bodies.
 - (b) Hydatid cyst.
 - (c) Cultivation of viruses.

416 SEPTEMBER 1991

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER 1991.

(Non-Clinical - Subjects for Science Graduates)

Branch V - Microbiology - Final

Paper III - VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours. Maximum: 100 marks.

Answer ALL questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

- Classify 'Picorna' viruses. Describe the pathogenesis of Poliomyelitis with a note on immunoprophylaxis.
- 2. Classify the vaccines against Rabies. Describe the schedule for immunisation against rabies and its complications.
- Discuss the life cycle and laboratory diagnosis of Enterobius vermicularis.
- 4. Write briefly on:
 - (a) Primary amoebic encephalitis.
 - (b) Immunity in malaria.
 - (c) Viral interference.

M.Sc. (NON CLINICAL) DEGREE EXAMINATION FACULTY OF MEDICINE FINAL

BRANCH V - Microbiology

Paper III - Virology and Protozoology

Time: Three Hours Maximum Marks:100

Answer All questions

All questions carry equal marks

- What is the current classification and characteristics of 'Hepatitis viruses'. Discuss the Virological diagnosis of Non A Non B hepatitis.
- Enumerate the Leishmanial infections prevalent in India. Discuss the epidemiology, pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Kalazar.
- Write briefly on the morphology, cultural characters, pathogenicity and leboratory diagnosis of Rabies Virus. Add a note on currently available anti-rabies vaccines.
- 4. Write short notes on:
 - a. DNA hybridisation.
 - b. Malarial Vaccines.
 - c. Pneumocystis carinii.
 - Antiviral substances.

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION SEPTEMBER, 1992

(Non clinical subjects for Science graduates)

BRANCH V - MICROBIOLOGY FINAL

Paper III - VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions All questions carry equal marks

- Discuss the virology, mechanism and laboratory diagnosis of Human Immuno deficiency viruses. Add a note on the currently available ant-HIV agents.
- Classify Hepatitis viruses. Discuss in detail the virological diagnosis of Hepatis B.
- Enumerate the Nematodal infections prevalent in India. What are the current methods of the parasitological diagnosis of filariasis.
- 4. Write briefly on:
 - (a) Laboratory diagnosis of hydated diseases.
 - (b) Viral interference.
 - (c) Toxaplasmosis.

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M.Sc.(NON-CLINICAL) DEGREE EXAMINATION BRANCH V MICROBIOLOGY FINAL

PAPER III VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Times Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer All Questions All Questions Carry equal marks.

- Describe the various methods of cultivation of viruses and write in detail the use of tissue culture in the study of viruses. (25)
- Classify Hepatitis virus. Describe the laboratory diagnosis and prophybaxis of Hepatitis B virus. (25)
- Discuss the life cycle and diagnosis of Malarial parasite. (25)
- 4. Write short notes ons

(5 * 5 =25)

- a. Viral encephatitis
- b. Intermediate hosts
- c. Blood Parasites
- d. Viral diarrhoea
- e. AIDS

M.SC (NON CLINICAL) DEGREE EXAMINATION

FINAL BRANCH V MICROBIOLOGY

PAPER II VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

fime: Three hours

Max.marks:100

Answer All Questions

All Questions Carry equal marks.

- Describe the properties of Hepatitis viruses. Add a note on the laboratory diagnosis of Hepatitis B virus infection. (25)
- Classify Sporozoa. Describe the life cycle, pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Plasmodium falciporum. (25)
- What host cell type is destroyed after infection with HIV? Discuss the Spectum of HIV related disease. Add a brief note on epidemiology and Serology of AIDS in the tropics. (25)
- 4. Write short notes on:

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- a. Detection of virus infected cells.
- b. Retro viruses
- c. Lab.diagnosis of Leishmaniasis
- d. Haemoflagelates
- e. Rabies Vaccine

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M.Sc. (Non-Clinical) DEGREE EXAMINATION

Final - Branch V- Microbiology

Paper II - VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours. Maximum: 100 marks.

Answer ALL questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

- Classify Pico RNA viruses and describe briefly the laboratory diagnosis and prophylaxis of poliomyelitis. (25)
- Classify super family Filarioidea. Describe in detail, lifecycle, pathogenesis and Immuno diagnosis of filariasis. (25)
- Write an essay on Mosquito borne group Arbovirus and their laboratory diagnosis. (25)
- 4. Write short notes on: $(5 \times 5 = 25)$
 - (a) Primary Amoebic meningoencephalitis.
 - (b) Epstein-Barr virus.
 - (c) Molluscum contagiosum.
 - (d) Toxoplasma Gondii.
 - (e) Monkeypox virus.

NOVEMBER 1995

MB 330

M.Sc. (Non-Clinical) DEGREE EXAMINATION

Final - Branch V - Microbiology

Paper III - VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours Max. marks:100

Answer All Questions

All Ouestions carry equal marks

- What are slow virus diseases? Classify and describe in detail various forms. (25)
- Classify Trematoda and describe in detail life cycle, pathogenesis and immuno diagnosis of Schistosama haematobium. (25)
- Write an essay on viruses which causes diarrhoes and their laboratory diagnosis. (25)
- 4. Write short notes on: (5x5=25)
 - (a) Pipylidium caninum
 - (b) Hepatitis Type E
 - (c) Los Los
 - (d) Concentration method of stool
 - (e) Redia

OCTOBER 1996

PK 226

M.Sc.(Non-clinical) DEGREE EXAMINATION

Final- Branch V - Microbiology

Paper III - VIROLOGY AND PRCTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours

Max.marks:100

Answer All Questions

All questions carry equal marks

- Name the microbial aetiological agents of hepatitis in man. Give an account of the hepatitis viruses. Describe the laboratory diagnosis and prophylactic measures of hepatitis B virus infection. (25)
- Classify the coccidian parasites. Give a brief description of the morphology, life cycle, pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of toxoplasma gondii. (25)
- Give an account of myxoviruses. Describe the laboratory diagnosis and prophylaxis of measles virus. (25)
- 4. Write briefly on:

(5x5=25)

- (a) Interferons
- (b) Haemorrhagic fever
- (c) Viral haemagglutinins
- (d) Trichomonas vaginalis
- (e) Laboratory media used in amoeba cultivation.

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M.Sc.(Non-clinical) DEGREE EXAMINATION

Final - Branch V - Microbiology

Paper III - VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours Max.marks:100

Answer All Questions

All questions carry equal marks.

- Discuss the structure, mode of infection, pathogenesis, laboratory diagnosis and immunoprophylaxis for Hepatitis B virus. (25)
- Enumerate the tissue nematoges and the diseases caused by them. Discuss the laboratory diagnosis and epidemiology of filariasis in India. (25)
- Discuss in brief the viral cultivation methods and their practical applications. (25)
- 4. Write briefly on:

(5x5=25)

- (a) H.nana
- (b) Cryptosporidium
- (c) Free living amoebae
- (d) Negribody
- (e) E.B. Virus.

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M.Sc. (Non-Clinical) DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Final - Branch V - Microbiology

Paper III - VIROLOGY AND PROTOZOOLOGY

Time: Three hours Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

- Describe the properties of Hepatitis viruses. Add a note on the laboratory diagnosis of Hepatitis B Virus infection. (25)
- Classify cestodes medical importance. Describe in detail the life cycle, pathogenesis and immuno diagnosis of Hydatid Disease. (25)
- Discuss on Mosquito borne group of Arbor virus and their laboratory diagnosis. (25)
- 4. Write briefly on :

 $(5\times 5=25)$

- (a) Molluscum contagiosum
- (b) Lab. diagnosis of leishmaniasis
- (c) Cyclops
- (d) Oncogenic viruses
- (e) Concentration method of stool