GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA KARNATAKA SCHOOL EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT BOARD MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 02 2024-25

GEOLOGY (37)

Duration: 3.00 hour

Instructions:

- 1. All parts are compulsory.
- 2. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3. Write correct question numbers.
- 4. For part A questions only first written answers will be considered for evaluation.

Part A

I. Answer all of the following questions.

1. During the rock cycle, how can sedimentary rock become igneous rock.

- a. Sedimentary rock directly transformed into an igneous rock.
- b. By being eroded into sediment and form new rock after deposition.
- c. By directly exposed to atmosphere and solar radiations.
- d. By transforming into metamorphic and subsequently melt followed by solidification to form igneous rocks

2. How does lithification contribute to the formation of sedimentary rock?

- a. Involves cooling and consolidation of cooling magma followed by the formation of sedimentary layer through precipitation.
- b. Includes consolidation of sediments where sediment layer turn into solid rock.
- c. Involves the metamorphism of existing sedimentary rocks into igneous rocks.
- d. Process where sediments are weathered and eroded into smaller particles.

3. Which of the following scenarios best illustrates the principles of uniformitarianism.

- a. The rapid formation of mountains.
- b. The eruption of lava forming younger rocks.
- c. Formation of dessert due to asteroid impact.
- d. Sudden emergence of island over few days.

4. Which of the following characteristics would most likely distinguished a rock that formed through contact metamorphism.

- a. Occurrence of non-foliated texture such as marble.
- b. Presence of schistosity such slate.
- c. Development of large mineral crystal.
- d. Formation of rock at great depth such as gneiss.

Max. Marks: 80

(5X1=5)

5. Match the correct periods with respective eras in geological time scale.

A. Cambrian	B. Maastı	richtian C. Mesozoic	D. Phanerozoic
i. Age	ii. Eon	iii. Period I	v. Era
a. A-ii, B-iv, C-	-iii, D-iv	b. A-iii, B-iv, C-ii, D-ii	
i. A-iii, B-i, C-iv, D-ii		d. A-i, B-iv, C-iii, D-ii	

II. Fill in the blanks

(5x1=5)

(Fault line, Outcrop, Gneiss, Euhedral, Sediment, Hinge)

- 6. ______ is the example of metamorphic rock.
- 7. The fracture formed by a fault on the surface is known as_____.
- 8. _____ mineral grain shows perfect crystal outline.
- 9. Particles that form a sedimentary rock by accumulation are called_____.
- 10. ______ is an exposure of a rock on the surface of the earth.

III. Match the following

11.

	Α		В
a.	Umbo	I.	Fold
b.	Glabella	II.	Trilobite
c.	Limb	III.	Brachiopod
d.	Sandstone	IV.	Coelenterate
e.	Syenite	V.	Sedimentary
		VI.	Igneous rocks

IV. Answer all of the following questions

- 12. What is pedicel opening?
- 13. Define theca.
- 14. Define joint.
- 15. What is sediment grain size of arenaceous rocks?
- 16. Give an example of igneous rock.

V. Answer any seven of the following questions (7

- (7X2=14)
- 17. Write about the zone where slate rocks are formed.
- 18. Define rock cycle.

(5X1=5)

(5X1=5)

- 19. How vesicles are formed in vesicular structure?
- 20. Write the any two difference in volcanic and hypabyssal rock.
- 21. What is poikilitic texture?
- 22. Where sedimentary rocks do usually formed?
- 23. What are clastic rocks?
- 24. Write the properties of charnoklite?
- 25. What is epizone?
- 26. What is oblique joint?
- 27. Define stratigraphy.

VI. Answer any seven of the following questions

- 28. Write the relationship between dip and strike of the rock beds.
- 29. With neat labelled diagram explain normal fault.
- 30. Draw a neat labelled diagram of plunge of a fold.
- 31. Explain columnar structure.
- 32. Write a note on fabric of grains.
- 33. Describe formation of mud cracks.
- 34. Write a note on metamorphism.
- 35. Explain non-metallic deposit of archeans.
- 36. Write your views on fauna of Paleozoic era.
- 37. Give suitable environmental conditions responsible for mummification.
- 38. Write a note on plant fossils.

VII. Answer any five of the following questions

- 39. How does the principles of stratigraphy help in determine the relativeage of rocks and understanding in the evolution of life?
- 40. Differentiate between brachiopod and gastropod.
- 41. Discuss the significance of igneous rocks.
- 42. Write the properties of Granite and Syenite.
- 43. With neat labeled diagram explain granulose structure.
- 44. Briefly explain the working principle of Brunton compass and its uses.
- 45. Describe types of unconformity.
- 46. Write morphological features of Trilobite.
- 47. Explain conditions for the preservation of fossils.

(7X3=21)

(5X5=25)