

**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011**

**Social Work**

**SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE WITH INDIVIDUALS  
AND GROUPS**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

1. Define—'Family'.
2. Write the aims of Group.
3. Define—'Communication'.
4. Mention the meaning of Group Control.
5. What is Counselling ?
6. What do you understand by the term Problem-Solving ?

7. What is meant by Task Groups ?
8. What do you mean by Treatment Group ?
9. Specify the meaning of Evaluation.
10. Mark out the meaning of Ethnography.

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions choosing **either** 'a' **or** 'b'.

All questions carry equal marks.

11. (a) Explain the various types of Leadership.

*(Or)*

- (b) Examine the qualities of Leadership.

12. (a) Bring out the concept of Group Dynamics.

*(Or)*

(b) Explore the significance of Conflict Resolution in Social Group Work Practice.

13. (a) Spell out the characteristics of functional approach.

*(Or)*

(b) Establish the relationship between Case Work and Counselling.

14. (a) Highlight the functions of Treatment Groups.

*(Or)*

(b) Outline the purpose and importance of Committee in Social Group Work Practice.

15. (a) “Ethnography is a research method in Social Case Work”—Justify.

*(Or)*

- (b) Describe the need and use of single case evaluation in Social Case Work Practice.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

16. “Individuals as a future Configuration”—Discuss.
17. Elucidate the various tools in assessing group interaction in Social Group Work Practice.
18. “Psychotherapy is a helping process”—Critically analyze the statement from your field work experience.
19. Elucidate the important features of remedial and reciprocal models in Social Case Work.
20. Narrate the role of Social Case Worker in Family and Child Welfare Setting.

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**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011****Master of Social Work****SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH AND  
SOCIAL STATISTICS**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

All questions carry equal marks

1. Write down the purpose of research.
2. What is social work research?
3. What are the features of case study?
4. What are the sources for exploratory research design?
5. Write short notes on secondary sources of data.
6. Bringout the advantages of using interview for data collection.

7. Write short notes on SPSS.
8. Write down the formula for calculating range and write down its advantages.
9. What is footnotes and write down its purposes in research.
10. Write down the two stages of editing.

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions. Choosing either (a) or (b)

All questions carry equal marks

11. (a) Write down the role of research to Theory.

*(Or)*

- (b) What are the requisites of a good scientific method?

12. (a) What are the sources for hypothesis.

*(Or)*

- (b) Explain descriptive design.

13. (a) Write down the advantages of primary data.

(Or)

(b) Do you consider interview as a best method of data collection? Discuss.

14. (a) Calculate median value for the following data

Income (RS)	1000	1500	800	2000	2500	1800
No. of Persons	24	26	16	20	6	30

(Or)

(b) Two ladies were asked to rank 7 different types of lipsticks the ranks given by them are

Lipstick	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Leena	2	1	4	3	5	7	6
Reena	1	3	2	4	5	6	7

Calculate spearman's rank correlation co-efficient.

15. (a) Explain classification and coding.

(Or)

(b) What is research report and explain its purpose.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions

All questions carry equal marks

16. Define research and explain its objectives and functions.
17. Explain case study as a method of research.
18. Write Bagardus scaling technique.
19. prepare a questionnaire for studying the health status of rural women.
20. What is statistics? Write down the advantages and disadvantages of statistical application in reearch.

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**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011**

**Master of Social Work**

**SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION AND  
SOCIAL LEGISLATION**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

All questions carry equal marks

1. Define Social Welfare Administration?
2. What is Social Work Administration?
3. What is budgeting?
4. What is book keeping?
5. List out the objectives of CSWB?
6. Define voluntary agency?

7. Define disability?
8. Who is a juvenile?
9. What do you mean by civil rights?
10. Define slum?

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions. Choosing either (a) or (b)

All questions carry equal marks

11. (a) Explain the functions of executives?

*(Or)*

- (b) Enumerate the procedures to be followed in registering a social welfare agency?

12. (a) Explain the importance of providing orientation to the staff in welfare agencies.

*(Or)*

- (b) Explain the importance of providing welfare measures for the staff in voluntary agencies

13. (a) Enumerate the functions of State Social Welfare Boards.

*(Or)*

(b) Explain the role of YMCA in youth development

14. (a) Enumerate the salient features of Juvenile Justice Act.

*(Or)*

(b) Enumerate the salient features of Hindu Marriage Act.

15. (a) Write a note on 'Old Age Pension scheme in Tamil Nadu'.

*(Or)*

(b) Enumerate the salient features of Special Marriage Act, 1954.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions

All questions carry equal marks

16. “Social welfare administration as a method of social work” - Discuss.
17. Describe the various steps involved in personnel administration of a social welfare agencies.
18. Describe the structure and functions of Central Social Welfare Board.
19. Critically review the Persons With Disabilities Act 1995.
20. “Social legislation as an instrument of social change”- Discuss.

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**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011**

**Master of Social Work**

**COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION AND  
SOCIAL ACTION**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

All questions carry equal marks

1. What is community?
2. Write short notes on urban community.
3. Define community organisation.
4. Bring out any two importance of evaluation.
5. Write short notes on social planning.
6. Bringout the significance of research in community organization.

7. Define social action.
8. Explain the concept justice.
9. Write short notes on Sarvodaya.
10. Bring out the role of social worker in community organization.

**Part B**

(5 × 5 =

25)

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

All questions carries five marks

11. (a) Write down the objectives of community organization.

(Or)

- (b) Bring out the structure of rural community in India.

12. (a) Write down any five similarities between community organization and community development.

(Or)  
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(b) Explain the phases of community organization.

13. (a) What are the skills required for community organizer?

*(Or)*

(b) Explain Locality Development model in community organization.

14. (a) Write down the principles of social action.

*(Or)*

(b) Explain how social reform brings social development? Give examples.

15. (a) Explain Paulo Frier's approach in social action.

*(Or)*

(b) Analyse role of D.K. Movement in Tamilnadu.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions

All questions carry equal marks

16. Trace out the origin and growth of community organization in India.
17. Examine community organization as a method of social work.
18. Write down any model of community organization which you find most application.
19. Analyze social legislation as a measure of social action with suitable examples
20. Gandhiji a social reformer? Discuss.

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**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011****Master of Social Work****GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.  
All questions carry equal marks.

1. What do you mean by 'Gender Identity' ?
2. Give the meaning of the term 'Objectification' ?
3. Define power.
4. What is conceptual minority ?

5. Expand :
  - (a) GAD.
  - (b) WAD.
6. Mention any two indicators of HDI.
7. Define poverty.
8. What is meant by social capital ?
9. List out the programmes of women development.
10. Describe any two role of Legal service Authority.

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions choosing **either** (a) **or** (b).  
All questions carry equal marks.

11. (a) Write a brief note on Biological Determinism.

*(Or)*

(b) Explain the characteristics of Gender Division of Labour.

12. (a) Explain the implications of power and authority in a society.

*(Or)*

(b) Describe the characteristics of hierarchization of roles with illustrations.

13. (a) Give a brief note on women and development approach.

*(Or)*

(b) Discuss the relevance and need of Human Development Index.

14. (a) Briefly explain the concept of feminization of poverty.

(Or)

- (b) Write a brief note on the characteristics of rural poverty.

15. (a) National policy for Empowerment of women—  
Discuss.

(Or)

- (b) Describe the structure and functions of the All Women police station.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions.  
All questions carry equal marks.

16. Discuss in detail the relevance and scope of Gender perspectives for Development practice.

17. Write in detail about how women are subjugated in the society ; explain it in Gender sensitive perspective.

18. Critically examine the women's welfare programmes in India.
  
19. Examine the relevance of women's involvement in poverty eradication and development.
  
20. Explain in detail about various enforcement machineries for women development.

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**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011**

**Social work**

**Specialisation A : COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT  
SOCIAL WORK FOR DISPLACEMENT AND  
REHABILITATION**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Give the meaning of disaster.
2. List out the reasons for migration of people.
3. Define a refugee.
4. What is refugee aid ?

5. Specify the difficulties in food distribution of refugees.
6. Mention ways of raising funds for refugee relief.
7. Point out the meaning of mass exodus.
8. Define rehabilitation from the angle of refugees.
9. Provide the names of a few National level organizations for refugees.
10. What is refugee organization ?

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions choosing **either** (a) **or** (b).  
Each question carries 5 marks.

11. (a) Bring out how geo-chemical issues create refugee problems.

(Or)

(b) Associate and dissociate the concepts of drought and famine. Specify the reasons for the occurrence of both.

12. (a) Write a note on epidemiological surveillance of refugees.

*(Or)*

(b) 'In certain areas refugee camps resemble no more than a stuffy canteen'. Comment.

13. (a) Identify the role of local community in food, acquisition to refugees.

*(Or)*

(b) Give your ideas on the proper distribution of food to refugees.



14. (a) Conceptualize 3 R's – Repatriation, Rehabilitation and Resettlement of refugees.

(Or)

- (b) Throw light on the problems in Resettlement of refugees.

15. (a) Make an attempt to visualize the situation of refugees in Tamil Nadu.

(Or)

- (b) Write the functions of international refugee organization.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions.  
All questions carry equal marks.

16. Critically review the Indian scenario of refugees and its effect on India.

17. Plan a psycho social counselling programme for refugees in a camp.
  
18. “Against various odds refugees are rather compelled to adopt various survival strategies”—Comment.
  
19. Evaluate the available services for the displaced. What more can be proposed within our limitation ?
  
20. Examine the salient features of laws related to refugees.

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**RW-6449**

**452406**

**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011**

**Master of Social Work**

**Specialization A : COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT  
NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATIONS  
PRINCIPLES AND MANAGEMENT**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

Each questions carry **two** marks.

1. Define NGO.
2. Define Board.
3. Define Fund raising.
4. Define HRD.
5. Define Development.

6. Define Auditing.
7. Define Evaluation.
8. Define Monitoring.
9. Define Welfare.
10. Brief out the functions of SSWB.

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions choosing **either** 'a' **or** 'b'.

Each questions carries **five** marks.

11. (a) Highlight the functions of NGOs in ensuring the welfare of Weaker Sections.

(Or)

- (b) Trace out the developmental growth of NGOs in India.

12. (a) Elucidate the functions of Board in detail.

*(Or)*

(b) Describe the methods adopted by NGOs for an effective management of programmes.

13. (a) Elaborate the financial sources of NGOs.

*(Or)*

(b) Give a brief note on Corporate Support.

14. (a) What are the benefits of review techniques ?

*(Or)*

(b) Write a short note on Ratio Analysis.

15. (a) How would you carry out need assessment ?

*(Or)*

(b) Explain the function of few donor agencies.

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

16. Justify the role of NGOs in National Development with suitable illustrations.
17. Enumerate the methods administered by NGO's for successful management of Various welfare programmes.
18. Highlight the salient features of Society Registration Act 1860 and Trust Act 1882.
19. Mention the beneficial factors of Environmental Impact Analysis and Management Information System (MIS).
20. Suggest your own ways and means in order to apply participatory project planning Approach.

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**RW-6450**

**452102**

**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011**

**Master of Social Work**

**INDIAN SOCIAL STRUCTURE AND SOCIAL  
PROBLEMS**

(CBCS—2008 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 2 = 20)

Answer **all** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

1. Enumerate the main bases of community.
2. Define Association.
3. List out the types of socialization.
4. Give the meaning of cultural diffusion.
5. Find out the reasons of polygyny in certain societies.

6. How would you explain the term family ?
7. What do you mean by caste panchayat ?
8. What basically differentiates folkways from mores ?
9. Spell out the types of unemployment.
10. Infer the meaning of Object poverty and Relative poverty.

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions choosing **either** 'a' **or** 'b'.

All questions carry equal marks.

11. (a) What are the functions of institutions ?

*(Or)*

- (b) Point out the importance of groups.



12. (a) Explain cultural systems and subsystems.

*(Or)*

(b) Find out the role of culture in socialization.

13. (a) State the characteristics of marriage.

*(Or)*

(b) Does the marriage provide needed security and safety to women ?

14. (a) "Caste System is unique in India". Substantiate.

*(Or)*

(b) Portray the nature of customs.

15. (a) Child labour is an act of shame in any society.  
Comment.

*(Or)*

- (b) What wrong notions are held by fundamentalists ?

**Part C**

(3 × 10 = 30)

Answer any **three** questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

16. What do you mean by civilization ? What are its features ?
17. Make an attempt to highlight significant developments in socialization during each phase of human life span.
18. Critically analyze the changing pattern of family system and its effect in the contemporary society.
19. Give an account of theories on the origin and development of caste system.
20. Analyze the political problems and issues with regard to Panchayat Raj institutions in India.

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