

Class-1 1 B

## (Syllabus and Sample Ouestion Paper)

PHYSICS Physical World and Measurement, Kinematics, Laws of Motion, Work, Energy and Power, Motion of System of Particles and Rigid Body, Gravitation, Properties of Bulk Matter, Thermodynamics, Behaviour of Perfect Gas and Kinetic Theory, Oscillations and Waves CHEMISTRY Basic Concepts of Chemistry, Structure of Atom, Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties, Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure, States of Matter: Gases and Liquids, Thermodynamics, Equilibrium , Redox Reaction, Hydrogen, s-Block Elements (Alkali and Alkaline Earth Metals, Some p-Block Elements (B,C,N), Organic Chemistry Some Basic Principles and Techniques, Hydrocarbons, Environmental Chemistry BIOLOGY Diversity in Living World, Structural Organisation in Plants \& Animals, Cell Structure and Functions, Transport, Nutrition \& Growth in plants, Photosynthesis and Respiration in Plants, Digestion and absorption, Breathing and respiration, Body fluids and circulation, Excretory products and elimination, Locomotion and movement, Control and coordination
The Actual Question Paper Contains 40 Questions. The Duration of the Test Paper is 60 Minutes

1. The permissible use of the technique of amniocentesis is for?
(A) Artifical Insemination
(B) Transfer of embryo into uterus of surrogate mother
(C) Detecting any genetic abnormality
(D) Detecting sex of the unborn foetus
(E) None of these
2. Which of the following is not used as bioweapon?
(A) Bacillus thuringiesisis toxin
(B) Small pox
(C) Botulinum toxin
(D) Bacillus anthracics
(E) None of these
3. Which is the correct hierarchical order?
(A) Division - order - family - class
(B) Family - class - order - division
(C) Family - order - class - division
(D) Order - class - family - division
(E) None of these
4. Rhizopus reproduces asexually through?
(A) Sporangiospores
(B) Aplanospores
(C) Chlamydospores
(D) Akinetes
(E) None of these
5. In the diagram below, some of the algae have been labelled $a, b, c, d$ and $e$.

These algae are respectively identified as
a.

e.
b.

c.

d.

(A) Dictyota, Polysiphonia, Porphyra, Fucus and Laminaria
(B) Laminaria, Polysiphonia, Porphyra, Dictyota and Fucus
(C) Dictyota, Polysiphonia, Porphyra, Laminaria and Fucus
(D) Porphyra, Dictyota, Laminaria, Fucus and Polysiphonia
(E) Fucus, Porphyra, Dictyota, Polysiphonia and Laminaria
6. Examine the figure $a, b, c$ and d. In which one of the options all the items $a, b, c$ and $d$ are correct.

b.


c.

b.

|  | a |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | C |


|  | a | b | c | d |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | Chara | Marchantia | Fucus | Pinus |
| B | Equisetum | Ginkgo | Selaginella | Lycopodum |
| C | Sellaginella | Equisetum | Salvinia | Ginkgo |
| D | Funaria | Adiantum | Salvinia | Riccia |
| E | None of these |  |  |  |

d.

7. Cross section of body of an invertebrate is given. Identify the animal from the body plan

(A) Cockroach
(B) Planaria
(C) Roundworm
(D) Earthworm
(E) None of these
8. One example of animals having a single opening to the outside that serves both as mouth as well as anus is?
(A) Asterias
(B) Ascidia
(C) Fasciola
(D) Octopus
(E) None of these
9. The metal X on heating in nitrogen gas gives Y . Y on treatment with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ gives a colourless gas which has been passed through $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ Solution gives a blue colour, Y is?
(A) $\mathrm{Mg}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)$
(B) $\mathrm{Mg}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$
(C) $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
(D) Mgo
(E) None of these
10. Which of the following compound (s) has least dipole moment ?
(A) 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
(B) 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
(C) 1,4-Dichlorobenzene
(D) All have the same dipole moment
(E) None of these
11. The compound
 is named in IUPAC as?
(A) 3,4-hexane di-one
(B) 3, 6 - haxandione
(C) Propoxy propanone
(D) Propanoic anbydrode
(E) None of these
12. In the reaction,
 the attacking species is?
(A) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
(B) $\mathrm{Cl}^{+}$
(C) $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
(D) $\mathrm{FeCl}_{4}^{-}$
(E) None of these
13. Two particles $A$ and $B$ moves with constant velocities $V_{1}$ and $V_{2}$ along two mutually perpendcular straight lines towards the intersection point $O$. At the moment $t=0$, the particles were to located at distances $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}$ from the point $O$. The line at which the distance between the particles becomes the smallest is
(A) $\frac{\mathrm{V}_{1} \mathrm{~S}_{1}+\mathrm{V}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2}}{\mathrm{~V}_{1}{ }^{2}+\mathrm{V}_{2}{ }^{2}}$
(B) $\frac{\mathrm{V}_{1} \mathrm{~S}_{1}}{\mathrm{v}_{1}^{2}+\mathrm{V}_{2}{ }^{2}}$
(C) $\frac{\mathrm{S}+\mathrm{S}_{2}}{\mathrm{~V}_{1}^{2}+\mathrm{V}_{2}{ }^{2}}$
(D) $\frac{V_{1}+V_{2}}{v_{1}{ }^{2}+V_{2}{ }^{2}}$
(E) None of these
14. A bullet of mass $m$ moving with a speed $u$ strikes a wooden block of mass $M$ and gets embedded into the block. The final speed is?
(A) $\sqrt{\frac{M}{M+m} v}$
(B) $\sqrt{\frac{M}{M+m} v}$
(C) $\frac{m}{M+m} v$
(D) $\frac{\mathrm{V}}{2}$
(E) None of these
15. A sphere, a cube and a thin circular plate, all made of the same material and having the same mass, are initially heated to a temprature of $3,000^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$. Which of these will cool fastest?
(A) Sphere
(B) Cube
(C) Plate
(D) Either cube or plate
(E) None of these

## ANSWERS

1. C
2. A
3. C
4. A
5. C
6. C
7. B
8. C
9. B
10. C
11. D
12. B
13. A
14. C
15. D
